### 2005 DRAFTING REQUEST

Bill

FE Sent For:

Received: 12/09/2004  Wanted: As time permits				Received By: agary  Identical to LRB:  By/Representing: Percy			
For: Administration-Budget							
This file	may be shown	to any legislate	or: NO		Drafter: agary		
May Con	ntact:				Addl. Drafters:		
Subject:	Transp	ortation - traf	fic laws		Extra Copies:	РЈН	
Submit	via email: NO						
Pre Top	oic:		A. W. State of the				
DOA:	Percy, BB030	00 -					
Topic:				A			
Habitual	traffic offende	ers					
Instruc	tions:						
See Atta	ched						
Draftin	g History:						
Vers.	<u>Drafted</u>	Reviewed	Typed	Proofed	Submitted	<u>Jacketed</u>	Required
/?							State
/1	agary 12/15/2004	jdyer 12/28/2004	rschluet 12/28/20	004	Inorthro 12/28/2004		State
/2	agary 01/26/2005	jdyer 01/26/2005	jfrantze 01/27/20	005	lemery 01/27/2005		

<**END>** 

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Wanted: As time permits	Identical to LRB:		
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May Contact:	Addl. Drafters:		
Subject: Transportation - traffic laws	Extra Copies: PJH		
Submit via email: NO			
Pre Topic:			
DOA:Percy, BB0300 -			
Topic:			
Habitual traffic offenders			
Instructions:			
See Attached			
Drafting History:			
<u>Vers.</u> <u>Drafted</u> <u>Reviewed</u> <u>Typed</u> <u>Proofed</u>	Submitted Jacketed	Required	
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For: Administration-Budget By/Representing: Percy

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May Contact: Addl. Drafters:

Subject: Transportation - traffic laws Extra Copies: PJH

Submit via email: NO

Pre Topic:

DOA:.....Percy, BB0300 -

Topic:

Habitual traffic offenders

**Instructions:** 

See Attached

**Drafting History:** 

Vers. <u>Drafted</u> <u>Reviewed</u> <u>Typed</u> <u>Proofed</u> <u>Submitted</u> <u>Jacketed</u> <u>Required</u>

/? agary / 1/2011 ) \( \)

ÆND>

FE Sent For:

#### 2005-07 Budget Bill Statutory Language Drafting Request

• Topic: Habitual Traffic Offenders

• Tracking Code: \$80300

SBO team: Tax and Justice Team

SBO analyst: Doug Percy

• Phone: 266-1039

• Email: doug.percy@doa.state.wi.us

Agency acronym: Public Defender 
 S P □

• Agency number: 550

### CORRESPONDENCE\MEMORANDUM\_

STATE OF WISCONSIN Department of Administration

Date: December 8, 2004

**To:** Steve Miller, Chief

Legislative Reference Bureau (LRB)

From: Doug Percy, Executive Budget and Policy Analyst

State Budget Office

Subject: Statutory Language Request

Modify the habitual traffic offender criteria based on the attached sheet.

<u>Issue</u>	<u>Status</u>	<u>Analyst</u>	<u>Priority</u>
Habitual Traffic Offenders	Needs drafting	Doug	High

## LEGISLATIVE BUDGET/NON-BUDGET PROPOSAL 2005-2007 BIENNIUM

DT1586 3/2004

Instructions: Complete this form for any budget/non-budget legislative initiative for which a Division requests the Secretary's Office (SO) approval. Check the budget box only if the proposal has a fiscal impact on department expenditures or revenue. This form must be signed by the Division Administrator(s). Include this form with your budget submittal materials or return two completed copies to the Office of Policy & Budget (OPB), Attention: Paul Hammer. One copy will be retained by OPB and the other copy provided to the Office of General Counsel. The form is available in the department forms catalog on dotnet.

Short Title of Topic  Modify Habitual Traffic Offender Law				
Type of Proposal  Budget  Non-Budget	OGC OFFICE USE ONLY "T" Number Assigned	"B" Number Assigned	"NB" Number Assigned	
Date Submitted		Division(s)		
September 22, 2004		Motor Vehicles		
OPB Contact Person Karen Baetsen		Area Code - Telephone Number (608) 266-0179		
Lead Division Contact Person Anna Biermeier		Area Code - Telephone Number 608-266-9901		
OGC Contact Person Joe Maassen		Area Code - Telephone Number (608) 267-7364		
The purpose of the Habitual Traffic Offender law was to remove the most dangerous drivers from the state's roads. A 2004 study of Habitual Traffic Offenders (HTOs) indicated that 79% of HTOs were based on minor offenses. 37% of all convictions on HTO records were for Operating after Revocation or Operating While Suspended (s.343.44). Initially, violations of the 343.44 Statute were considered major offenses. In 1998, state law was changed to make them minor violations. While some drivers, who drive after revocation or while suspended are risky drivers, others may be caught driving after revocation or suspension without exhibiting any bad driving. The stop initiating the citation is frequently caused by "no visible registration" or an equipment violation. The underlying reason for the Operating After Revocation or the Operating While Suspended is often a failure to pay a forfeiture.  Description of Proposed Change  Amend s.351 to limit the definition of "moving violation" to violations of Chapter 346, Wis. Stats., or ordinances enacted in accordance with Sec. 349.06 or the law of a federally recognized American Indian tribe or band in Wisconsin which is in conformity with Chapter 346.				
Justification for Change This change would re-focus the Habitual Traffic Offender law on drivers with the riskiest driving behavior. It would reduce the number of five year revocations for drivers whose underlying problem is a failure to pay a forfeiture. Failure to pay forfeitures represent more than 50% of all driver license suspensions annually. The increase in these failure to pay suspensions has increased the number of drivers operating while suspended and subsequently operating after revocation. This increase has resulted in persons who are not risky drivers being treated the same as drivers with four Operating while Intoxicated convictions.  Describe any legislative history and related statutory language				
None				

(Division Administrator Signature)	(Date)
(Division Administrator Signature)	(Date)
(Division Administrator Signature)	(Date)

2005 - 2006 LEGISLATURE

LRB-1192/1

TOPAY 12/28

DOA:.....Percy, BB0300 – Habitual traffic offenders

ARG: A.i...

12/15

FOR 2005-07 BUDGET -- NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

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AN ACT ...; relating to: traffic violations for purposes of determing whether a

person is a habitual traffic offender.

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# Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau TRANSPORTATION

DRIVERS AND MOTOR VEHICLES

Under current law, DOT must revoke a person's motor vehicle operating privilege for five years upon receipt of a record of conviction that brings the person within the definition of a habitual traffic offender or repeat habitual traffic offender. A person is a habitual traffic offender if the person, within a five—year period, has accumulated at least four convictions of specified offenses of a more serious nature or at least 12 convictions of moving violations of traffic regulations or of specified crimes related to the operation of a motor vehicle. For purposes of the habitual traffic offender law, the term "traffic regulation" means traffic—related provisions for which the penalty is a forfeiture (a civil offense), but the term "moving violation" is not defined. Two years after a habitual traffic offender's operating privilege is revoked, the person is eligible for an occupational license. A repeat habitual traffic offender is a person who has obtained an occupational license after having his or her operating privilege revoked as a habitual traffic offender and who is convicted of certain offenses, including moving violations of traffic regulations, within specified time periods after obtaining the occupational license.

This bill replaces the phrase "moving violations of ... traffic regulations" in the definition of habitual traffic offender with the phrase "violations of ch. 346."

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Accordingly, a habitual traffic offender is a person who, within a five—year period, has accumulated at least four convictions of specified offenses of a more serious nature or at least 12 convictions of violations of law, punishable by either civil or criminal penalty, classified under the chapter of the statutes designated for rules of the road or of specified crimes related to the operation of a motor vehicle.

For further information see the *state* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

## The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

2 351.02 (1) (b) Twelve or more convictions of moving violations of ch. 346, 3 including violations under par. (a), of traffic regulations or of crimes in the operation

**SECTION 1.** 351.02 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

History: 1979 c. 333; 1983 a. 189 s. 329 (34); 1983 a. 459, 525, 535/1985 a. 71, 337; 1987 a. 3, 399; 1989 a. 56, 105; 1991 a. 39; 1995 a. 448; 1997 a. 84, 258; 1999 a. 9; SECTION 2. 351.02 (1) (f) of the statutes is amended to read:

of a motor vehicle which are required to be reported under s. 343,28 or 345,37 (5).

351.02 (1) (f) The department may, by rule, exempt specific moving violations of ch. 346 from being counted under par. (b) if the department determines that the violation is a petty offense, except that the department may not exempt any violation for which the department assigns demerit points under s. 343.32 (2) or rules promulgated thereunder.

History: 1979 c. 333; 1983 a 189 s. 329 (34); 1983 a 459, 523 (535; 1985 a 71, 337; 1987 a 3, 399; 1989 a 56, 105; 1991 a 39; 1995 a 448; 1997 a 84, 258; 1999 a 9; 2003 a 97.

SECTION 3. 351.02 (2) of the statutes is repealed.

## SECTION 9348. Initial applicability; transportation.

(1) Habitual traffic offenders. The treatment of section 351.02 (1) (b) and (f) and (2) of the statutes first applies to violations committed on the effective date of this subsection, but does not preclude the counting of other violations as prior

LRB-1192/1 ARG:...:... **SECTION 9348** 

- violations for purposes of revocation of operating privileges by the department of
- 2 transportation or review by a court.

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(END)

J Note

# DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB-1192/1dn ARG: ,,....

ATTN: Doug Percy

The drafting instructions request an amendment to the definition of "moving violation" for purposes of ch. 351, the habitual traffic offender law. There is no definition of "moving violation" for purposes of ch. 351. The only definition of the term occurs in s. 343.01 (2) (cg) and is applicable to chs. 343 and 344, but not ch. 351. Since the intent seems to be to modify the scope of the definition of "habitual traffic offender" in s. 351.02, instead of creating a new definition (of "moving violation") to modify another definition (of "habitual traffic offender"), I have simply amended the definition of "habitual traffic offender."

Chapter 346 includes violations punishable by forfeiture (civil penalty) and violations punishable by fine (criminal penalty). I interpret the drafting instructions to seek modification of the term "moving violation" in s. 351.02 (1) (b) to cover any violation of ch. 346, both civil and criminal. I note that convictions counted under existing s. 351.02 (1) (b) are limited to violations punishable by civil penalty. Do you want this redrafted to cover only violations of ch. 346 punishable by civil penalty? If so, I will reword amended s. 351.02 (1) (b) of the draft and will not repeal s. 351.02 (2).

The drafting instructions include language related to violations of local ordinances and laws of federally recognized American Indian tribes or bands in this state. Under s. \$\frac{3}{5}1.02 (1) (c), these violations are already incorporated into s. \$351.02 (1) (b).

Given the change to s. 351.02 (1) (b) in the draft, do you want to retain s. 351.02 (1) (f)?

In reviewing the portion of the drafting instructions titled "define problem precisely" and "justification for change," I am uncertain to what extent the requested statutory change will remedy the described problem. I believe this draft will address the described problem only with respect to operating while suspended but not with respect to operating after revocation (which, if you judge by the penalty, continues to be considered a serious offense and not a minor violation). Under s. 343.44 (1) (a) and (2) (a), operating while suspended is punishable by forfeiture, a civil penalty. Under s. 343.44 (1) (b) and (2) (b), operating after revocation is punishable by fine or imprisonment or both, which are criminal penalties. Accordingly, under this draft, operating while suspended will no longer be counted as a conviction under s. 351.02 (1) (b) but operating while revoked will be (as a crime required to be reported under s. 353.28). Is this okay?



The attached draft does not make any change to s. 343.44 (2) (c).

Aaron R. Gary Legislative Attorney Phone: (608) 261–6926

E-mail: aaron.gary@legis.state.wi.us

# DRAFTER'S NOTE LRBFROM THE A LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB-1192/1dn ARG:jld:rs

ATTN: Doug Percy

The drafting instructions request an amendment to the definition of "moving violation" for purposes of ch. 351, the habitual traffic offender law. There is no definition of "moving violation" for purposes of ch. 351. The only definition of the term occurs in s. 343.01 (2) (cg) and is applicable to chs. 343 and 344, but not ch. 351. Since the intent seems to be to modify the scope of the definition of "habitual traffic offender" in s. 351.02, instead of creating a new definition (of "moving violation") to modify another definition (of "habitual traffic offender"), I have simply amended the definition of "habitual traffic offender."

Chapter 346 includes violations punishable by forfeiture (civil penalty) and violations punishable by fine (criminal penalty). I interpret the drafting instructions to seek modification of the term "moving violation" in s. 351.02 (1) (b) to cover any violation of ch. 346, both civil and criminal. I note that convictions counted under existing s. 351.02 (1) (b) are limited to violations punishable by civil penalty. Do you want this redrafted to cover only violations of ch. 346 punishable by civil penalty? If so, I will reword amended s. 351.02 (1) (b) of the draft and will not repeal s. 351.02 (2).

The drafting instructions include language related to violations of local ordinances and laws of federally recognized American Indian tribes or bands in this state. Under s. 351.02 (1) (c), these violations are already incorporated into s. 351.02 (1) (b).

Given the change to s. 351.02 (1) (b) in the draft, do you want to retain s. 351.02 (1) (f)?

In reviewing the portion of the drafting instructions titled "define problem precisely" and "justification for change," I am uncertain to what extent the requested statutory change will remedy the described problem. I believe this draft will address the described problem only with respect to operating while suspended but not with respect to operating after revocation (which, if you judge by the penalty, continues to be considered a serious offense and not a minor violation). Under s. 343.44 (1) (a) and (2) (a), operating while suspended is punishable by forfeiture, a civil penalty. Under s. 343.44 (1) (b) and (2) (b), operating after revocation is punishable by fine or imprisonment or both, which are criminal penalties. Accordingly, under this draft, operating while suspended will no longer be counted as a conviction under s. 351.02 (1) (b) but operating while revoked will be (as a crime required to be reported under s. 343.28). Is this okay?

The attached draft does not make any change to s. 343.44 (2) (c).

Aaron R. Gary Legislative Attorney Phone: (608) 261–6926

E-mail: aaron.gary@legis.state.wi.us

#### Gary, Aaron

From:

Gary, Aaron

Sent:

Wednesday, January 26, 2005 10:57 AM

To:

Percy, Doug

Subject:

HTO changes - LRB1192 (BB0300)

Doug,

The major change that DOT suggested (assuming we received the same suggested changes) was to eliminate the last clause in s. 351.02 (1) (b) (crimes in the operation of a motor vehicle reported to DOT). I believe this suggestion arises from my drafter's note comment that the HTO draft would accomplish the desired changes with respect to OAS but not with respect to OAR because OAR remained a crime.

Under current law, this clause in par. (b) applies to convictions for moving traffic violations that are crimes under chs. 341 to 349. Many crimes are either included under par. (a) or under par. (b) as amended in this draft, so there would be no substantive change as to these crimes. However, to the extent a moving traffic violation is a crime not listed in par. (a) and appearing in chs. 341 to 345 or 347 to 349, these convictions would no longer be counted for HTO purposes. The only potential examples of crimes that I found that might no longer be counted toward HTO status if DOT's suggested change is made are driving a commercial motor vehicle while not licensed to do so and driving a school bus while not licensed to do so.

I also note that incluson of the OAR draft (LRB-1652) in the budget bill may alleviate to some extent DOT's concern in making this suggested change to the HTO draft.

Let me know what changes you want to the HTO draft. Aaron

Aaron R. Gary Legislative Attorney Legislative Reference Bureau 608.261.6926 (voice) 608.264.6948 (fax) aaron.gary@legis.state.wi.us

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#### State of Misconsin 2005 - 2006 LEGISLATURE

LRB-1192/# Z ARG:jld:rs

RMR

DOA:.....Percy, BB0300 - Habitual traffic offenders

FOR 2005-07 BUDGET -- NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

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1 AN ACT ...; relating to: traffic violations for purposes of determining whether a

person is a habitual traffic offender.

## Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau TRANSPORTATION

#### DRIVERS AND MOTOR VEHICLES

Under current law, DOT must revoke a person's motor vehicle operating privilege for five years upon receipt of a record of conviction that brings the person within the definition of a habitual traffic offender or repeat habitual traffic offender. A person is a habitual traffic offender if the person, within a five—year period, has accumulated at least four convictions of specified offenses of a more serious nature or at least 12 convictions of moving violations of traffic regulations or of specified crimes related to the operation of a motor vehicle. For purposes of the habitual traffic offender law, the term "traffic regulation" means traffic—related provisions for which the penalty is a forfeiture (a civil offense), but the term "moving violation" is not defined. Two years after a habitual traffic offender's operating privilege is revoked, the person is eligible for an occupational license. A repeat habitual traffic offender is a person who has obtained an occupational license after having his or her operating privilege revoked as a habitual traffic offender and who is convicted of certain offenses, including moving violations of traffic regulations, within specified time periods after obtaining the occupational license.

This bill replaces the phrase "moving violations of ... traffic regulations" the definition of habitual traffic offender with the phrase "violations of ch. 346!"

, and eliminates the reference to convictions of specified crimes related to the operation) of a motor vehicle, in

Accordingly, a habitual traffic offender is a person who, within a five-year period, has accumulated at least four convictions of specified offenses of a more serious nature or at least 12 convictions of violations of law, punishable by either civil or criminal penalty, classified under the chapter of the statutes designated for rules of the road period of specified crimes related to the operation of a motor vehicle.

For further information see the *state* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

## The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

**SECTION 1.** 351.02 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

including violations under par. (a), of traffic regulations or of crimes in the operation of a motor vehicle which are required to be reported under s. 343.28 or 345.37 (5).

**Section 2.** 351.02 (1) (f) of the statutes is amended to read:

351.02 (1) (f) The department may, by rule, exempt specific moving violations of ch. 346 from being counted under par. (b) if the department determines that the violation is a petty offense, except that the department may not exempt any violation for which the department assigns demerit points under s. 343.32 (2) or rules promulgated thereunder.

**Section 3.** 351.02(2) of the statutes is repealed.

#### SECTION 9348. Initial applicability; transportation.

(1) HABITUAL TRAFFIC OFFENDERS. The treatment of section 351.02 (1) (b) and (f) and (2) of the statutes first applies to violations contained on the effective date of this subsection, but does not preclude the counting of other violations as prior violations for purposes of revocation of operating privileges by the department of transportation or review by a court.

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For which reports of conviction are received by the department of transportation



#### State of Misconsin 2005 - 2006 LEGISLATURE

LRB-1192/2 ARG:jld:jf

DOA:.....Percy, BB0300 – Habitual traffic offenders

FOR 2005-07 BUDGET — NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

1 AN ACT ...; relating to: traffic violations for purposes of determining whether a

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specified crimes related to the operation of a motor vehicle, in the definition of habitual traffic offender. Accordingly, a habitual traffic offender is a person who, within a five—year period, has accumulated at least four convictions of specified offenses of a more serious nature or at least 12 convictions of violations of law, punishable by either civil or criminal penalty, classified under the chapter of the statutes designated for rules of the road.

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351.02 (1) (f) The department may, by rule, exempt specific moving violations of ch. 346 from being counted under par. (b) if the department determines that the violation is a petty offense, except that the department may not exempt any violation for which the department assigns demerit points under s. 343.32 (2) or rules promulgated thereunder.

**SECTION 3.** 351.02 (2) of the statutes is repealed.

#### SECTION 9348. Initial applicability; transportation.

(1) Habitual traffic offenders. The treatment of section 351.02 (1) (b) and (f) and (2) of the statutes first applies to violations for which reports of conviction are received by the department of transportation on the effective date of this subsection, but does not preclude the counting of other violations as prior violations for purposes

- of revocation of operating privileges by the department of transportation or review
- 2 by a court.

3 (END)